

IGCSE Chemistry (9-1) Specification 4(h)

(h) Synthetic polymers

Students should:

- **4.44** know that an addition polymer is formed by joining up many small molecules called monomers
- **4.45** understand how to draw the repeat unit of an addition polymer, including poly(ethene), poly(propene), poly(chloroethene) and (poly)tetrafluoroethene
- **4.46** understand how to deduce the structure of a monomer from the repeat unit of an addition polymer and vice versa
- **4.47** explain problems in the disposal of addition polymers, including: their inertness and inability to biodegrade the production of toxic gases when they are burned.
- **4.48**C know that condensation polymerisation, in which a dicarboxylic acid reacts with a diol, produces a polyester and water
- **4.49C** understand how to write the structural and displayed formula of a polyester, showing the repeat unit, given the formulae of the monomers from which it is formed including the reaction of ethanedioic acid and ethanediol:

4.50C know that some polyesters, known as biopolyesters, are biodegradable

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